


increasing/decreasing segments of his waveform by "increasing switching time of said transistors" (see his column 2, line 5, and his column 4, lines 27-28); which means that current in the one transistor is decreased gradually as current in the other transistor is increased gradually, and vice versa alternately, thereby to attain his transient-free trapezoidal-like waveform.

In Applicant's circuit, on the other hand, current flowing through each one transistor is completely switched off before the voltage across this one transistor starts to increase. That is, Applicant has attained his trapezoidal-like waveform without resorting to having the current flowing through his transistors turned off in a gradual manner.



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